

Two Surrender In Round-Up of 'Robbery Trust'

Defendant in Million-Dollar Toledo Mail Theft Gives Up; 'Skyscraper Burglar' Motoring Back to Chicago

Women Assistants Sought

Worthington, Called Brains of Combine, Said to Have Sent Huge Sums Abroad

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—Alva Hirschman and John J. Epps, who were indicted with John W. Worthington in the alleged gigantic mail robbery trust, surrendered today to Federal authorities. Melville Rueger, known as the "skyscraper burglar," is reported on his way to Chicago to give himself up. He has been pushing his vacation in the Sierra Mountains and is motoring back. Epps is a real estate dealer. He was defendant in the \$1,000,000 Toledo mail robbery and was acquitted. It is thought he has substantiated the government's information that Worthington financed the defense of the eleven men arrested for the Toledo job. Samuel Block, who defended Epps at that time, is Worthington's attorney. Hirschman denied any guilty connection with Worthington, and after he had been closely questioned by Federal agents his bail was reduced from \$100,000 to \$10,000. He says his dealings with Worthington were confined to the purchase of some commercial paper, for which he paid \$20,000 cash.

Hirschman Called Witness Only. Hirschman had been living in Milwaukee until recently, and says he came to Chicago to give his children superior educational facilities. The government now considers him in the light of a witness rather than a defendant. Federal investigators to-day announced that they believed Worthington and his agents have sent millions in deposits to banks in Berlin, Paris, Warsaw, London and to several Italian cities. Deposits for vast sums were found among his papers, and it is believed he planned to flee to Europe and prevent creditors from obtaining judgments against him. Deposits alone, he has \$500,000 in Polish banks alone. A deposit of \$7,000 was found in a Milwaukee bank.

One of the strongest links in the chain is being welded around the supposed conspirators was made possible by the arrest of Albert M. Goldsmith, owner of a New York business college. Goldsmith, it is alleged, sent \$100,000 in revenue stamps to Worthington by special delivery. New York officials say Goldsmith disposed of thousands of dollars worth of stolen securities for Worthington. Secret Service agents in Los Angeles have been asked to arrest a mysterious "Marie," and the St. Louis operatives are looking for an equally mysterious "Pauline."

Letters of Women Intercepted. Federal officials intercepted a personal letter from "Marie" to Worthington. Its contents were not revealed, but they led the authorities to believe she is an active agent for Worthington. She is believed to be the original of a photograph seized when his office was raided. She is beautiful, apparently a brunette, and it should be easy to find her because of her striking appearance. The clew to "Pauline" was also obtained through intercepted letters.

Colonel Clinch, of the United States Attorney's office, said the government has proof that Worthington was the brains of the \$1,000,000 St. Louis mail robbery in New York as well as many other huge thefts.

Messages in Code Found Here by Federal Agents. Said to Have Been Exchanged by Worthington and Goldsmith: on Track of Bonds.

Hugh McQuillan, chief of the Treasury Department's special intelligence bureau, obtained messages yesterday apparently in code, which are alleged to have passed between John W. Worthington, arrested in Chicago as director of the mail thieves, and Arthur M. Goldsmith, who is under \$100,000 bail here as one of Worthington's accomplices. McQuillan said he had had information that Goldsmith and Worthington met in New York not long after the theft of the \$500,000 in bonds in concert, with which Worthington was arrested. The securities have been found, but McQuillan's men report that they have a good description of a man who cashed some of the coupons and bills that they know him. Goldsmith is proprietor of a school in East Seventy-second Street known as the President Institute.

Three Taken in Opium Raid. Police Force Way Into Brooklyn Alleged Den.

Three arrests were made yesterday when Detectives Gray and Shea, of the Eleventh Inspection District, raided an alleged opium den at 253 Adams Street, Brooklyn. They entered the place by climbing a fire escape and breaking in a side window. The alleged addicts, the detectives charged, showed their pipes under a couch and attempted to escape, surrendering only when they saw the drawn revolvers of the police.

A search of the room disclosed half a can of opium, two opium lay-outs, several bottles and a scraper, the detectives say. The prisoners were taken to Police Headquarters, where they gave their names as Doc Quay, owner of a laundry at the Adams Street house, and living quarters overhead, Thomas Law and Lai Chang, seamen, of 193 Adams Street. They were charged with possessing opium.

Busses Fail in Des Moines. Circus Day, With No Trolleys, Causes Jam on Streets.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Aug. 4.—Today being an abnormal traffic day, owing to the presence of a circus here, there was a traffic jam on the main street, and the board of public works, which is in charge of the cessation of street service at midnight last night, during the early morning there was a noticeable absence of people on the streets, but as the time drew near for the circus parade the downtown streets were packed.

Bus lines, it is admitted, are unable to handle the transportation, but the City Council shows no indication of giving official sanction to their unaided operation. Officials of the streetcar company announced that they would narrow the company's tracks to fit the bus lines, but the city officials are not in a position to do so. The office force will be laid off indefinitely.

Rejected Sutor Kills Girl At Her Betrothal Festival

Brooklynite Sought as Slayer of Young Woman Here From Italy Only Two Months

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE TRIBUNE. ASBURY PARK, N. J., Aug. 4.—Camelia Maccaneo, a young Italian girl who came to America recently from Osipetta, Italy, was shot and killed here yesterday by a sutor, who was lower in the competition for her hand. Arica Picone, twenty-one years old, the girl's first cousin, who followed her to her room when the celebration of her engagement to Camuch Vetrano was breaking up, is sought as the murderer. Miss Maccaneo had refused to marry him.

Vetrano and Miss Maccaneo obtained a marriage license yesterday. In the evening there was celebration at 154 Fisher Avenue, where the girl lived. The marriage was set for the coming Sunday.

Camelia Maccaneo had been her intended husband good night, and then upstairs to her room, Mrs. Patsey Grosso, Miss Maccaneo's sister, saw Picone follow up the stairs, and at that moment she heard a shot. Miss Maccaneo was found on the floor, a bullet through her heart. A window was open and Picone was gone.

He was living with a sister at 5812 New Utrecht Avenue, Brooklyn. He had destroyed photographs of himself, the police have been informed, before he went to Asbury Park.

British Premiers Agree On One-Point Standard

Dominions Said to Have Accepted Own Defense; Conference to Close To-day

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The discussions of the Imperial Conference will conclude to-day with the adoption of a one-point standard for the empire, the dominions undertaking the defense of their respective territories. The view of the conference seems to have been in favor of a one-point standard for the empire, the dominions undertaking the defense of their respective territories.

Court Criticizes Gun Law

Magistrate Corrigan Says Some Arrests Are Ridiculous

"The Sullivan law is a great thing when it keeps a man from carrying a revolver at hand when so many robbers are operating," said Magistrate Corrigan in the Tombs court yesterday. The remark was made when the Magistrate was dismissing two charges against Thomas Shanley.

Shanley was arrested in a café at 400 Canal Street and arraigned for carrying a revolver. He was found with a permit to carry a weapon, and that one ounce of powder found in a five-gallon demijohn behind a bar where Shanley is employed.

The Magistrate said: "I think it is ridiculous to bring citizens into court in such cases as this."

Scaffold Breaks; Two Hurt

Riveters, Working on Tank, Drop Forty Feet

Edward Greaser, thirty-five years old, of 347 East 139th Street, and Harry Katz, eighteen years old, of 100 West 139th Street, were working on the frame of what will be the largest tank in the world, at the plant of the Consolidated Gas Company, Astoria, N. Y., when a scaffold broke, dropping them forty feet to the ground.

Greaser suffered several fractured ribs and internal injuries, while Katz received a fracture of the spine and internal injuries. The men were dug from the debris of the scaffold by fellow workmen. No evidence of negligence was discovered by the police.

Red Agitators Ejected From Paris Labor Headquarters

PARIS, Aug. 4.—For some weeks past extremist Communist members of the Red Union's Federation have been installed in the federation's headquarters in the Rue Baudin, and have refused to evacuate.

The president of the federation made an appeal to the authorities for the rejection of the men, and to-day two bourgeois policemen entered the headquarters and expelled the intruders, who walked out tamely, but protesting vociferously.

Third Ave. Car Jumps Tracks, Wrecks Itself on "L" Pillar

The forward truck of a Third and Amsterdam Avenue trolley car swung from Third Avenue into the elevated tracks yesterday afternoon in conventional fashion, but the rebellious rear truck kept right on going north. The result was that the car jumped the rails and crashed into the pillar of the elevated structure, demolishing the rear platform and shaking up the passengers. None of them was hurt.

It took about an hour to clear the tracks.

Ship Owners to Ask Board for Report on Navigation Laws

The main features of the Edmonds bill providing for the amendment of the La Follette seamen's law were introduced at a meeting held yesterday by the committee of the American Steamship Owners' Association.

It is probable that Chairman Lasker of the Shipping Board will be asked by the committee to make public the report on the navigation laws turned over to the board by a committee of American shipping experts more than a year ago. With this report as a basis, the board has been making a codification of the navigation laws which is understood to be nearing completion. The recommendations of the report will probably be taken up in connection with the revision of the seamen's law.

Seizure of Rum Runners at Sea Feared Illegal

Assistant Attorney General Thinks Coast Guards May Have Exceeded Law in Taking Schooner Marshall

British Protest Probable

Hayward Going to Capital To-day to Discuss Policy Against Liquor Fleet

Guy D. Goff, Assistant Attorney General, yesterday said he believed that the seizure of the alleged rum smuggler, Henry L. Marshall, outside the three-mile limit off Atlantic City Monday night was illegal if, as the Department of Justice is convinced, the vessel was under regular British registry. He indicated that efforts to seize foreign ships on the high seas might lead to international difficulties.

Mr. Goff said, according to a dispatch from Washington, that he expected United States courts to issue a writ of habeas corpus for the return of Marshall to New York, where he would confer to-day with officials of the Department of Justice in Washington concerning the general policy to be followed in such cases. The statement attributed to Mr. Hayward that all rum-running ships would be subject to seizure under the United States coast guard, even though of foreign registry, and outside the three-mile limit, also will be discussed. Mr. Hayward has not been called to Washington, it is said, but probably will be if he doesn't go there to-day.

Other developments in the prohibition enforcement situation were the arrest of the sailors of the Marshall after warrants had been issued for them as well as for her officers and three others, said to have been connected with her activities; three arrests here for violation of the enforcement laws, and the opening here of state headquarters by the National Liberal Alliance, which plans to conduct a state-wide ballot to determine sentiment on prohibition.

The warrants in connection with the Volstead act and attempts to defeat the enforcement of customs laws were issued in Jersey City by Federal Commissioner Queen. The three sought in addition to the sailors are John G. Cullen, a dealer in rum, and an "Atlantic City millionaire," William F. McCoy, who is believed to be the owner of the vessel, and a Dr. Holden.

The four sailors of the Marshall, previously detained by the customs men, were taken off the schooner yesterday afternoon by men of the coast guard service and arraigned before Federal Judge in Brooklyn. They were held in \$5,000 bail in Raymond Street Jail as material witnesses, and probably will be arraigned to-day before the Federal grand jury in the liquor-smuggling investigation.

The master and mate of the Marshall are said to have escaped in a swift motorboat just before the Marshall was seized. According to Major John Holly, chief of police of New York, the two men, McCoy called at the British Consulate here yesterday morning to protest. He was directed to go to the Custom House to tell the authorities what he knew of the craft and her cargo, but so far has not appeared there. The police are now seeking him in the city.

Disputes from Washington yesterday quoted Assistant Attorney General Guy D. Goff as saying that he did not believe the law would permit the seizure of a vessel of foreign registry outside the three-mile limit. He added that he would get in touch with United States District Attorney Hayward, of New York, to-day to learn the facts of the case and to discuss the latter's reported announcement that all ships of foreign registry would be liable to seizure outside the three-mile limit for liquor smuggling.

Federal agents here yesterday arrested Frank Kalen, manager of the Gray Drug Company, 1430 Broadway, at Forty-third Street; Moe Ducore and his brother, Broadman, on charges of conspiracy to violate the Volstead act and selling liquor on improper prescriptions. Boardman and Ducore were held in \$1,500 bail by United States Commissioner S. N. Hittcock for a hearing Wednesday, at which Kalen was also summoned to appear.

Federal Agent William McKay, who made the arrest, declares that he was unable to furnish the cash Maynard was committed to jail. Recently he served a term for a similar offense. Sentence was suspended on Emma Maynard, his wife.

John Arnold, president of the Somersport Chamber of Commerce, and a member of the Fish and Game Club of Philadelphia, pleaded non-vol to two counts, and paid a fine of \$350.

Tailor Buys Police Uniform To Hide Whisky in Pockets

HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 4.—Frank Lukash, a tailor who bought a policeman's uniform, which he hung in his shop and used as a canteen, thinking it to be inviolable, was fined \$100 and costs by police court here to-day in spite of his assertion that a physician had advised him to take a drink of whisky before each meal. Detectives found a quart bottle in each pocket of the uniform coat.

The state headquarters of the National Liberal Alliance were opened at 100 West Forty-ninth Street, Washington, D. C., yesterday. The new headquarters of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, is chairman, and Jerome A. Myers, head of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, is chairman. Red Cross, Boy Scout and Salvation Army drives here, is campaign director.

The organization purposes to place 50,000 ballot boxes in public places the greater city to enable voters to record their sentiments on blue laws and light wines and beers. It is asserted that 75,000 ballots have already been counted, of which only 1,000 have favored the Volstead act. The alliance admits the impossibility of repealing the Eighteenth Amendment, declaring that the people will not tolerate the return of the saloon, but calls for its liberal interpretation and strict enforcement. It will also oppose censorship and prohibitory Sabbath legislation.

Glass and Pottery Trades Deadlocked on Wages

Workers Balk at Reductions; New Haven Clerks Deny Accepting Pay Cut

ATLANTIC CITY, Aug. 4.—Employers and employees in the pressed and blown glass industry, who have been in conference here for three weeks regarding proposed wage reductions, are still far from agreement. Only one of the ten groups of employees concerned has accepted a wage reduction, and in that case the reduction is 10 per cent, instead of the 25 per cent which the employers wished to effect.

Pottery workers and manufacturers also have reached a deadlock in negotiations over reductions in wages and agree only on the probability of a general strike in the industry on October 1, when present agreements expire.

NEW HAVEN, Aug. 4.—R. G. Stearns, general chairman of the Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Clerks of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, denied to-day that freight clerks had accepted a wage cut. He said the company, M. C. said he had written the company that he did not think the wage cut justified by living costs and that the clerks would vote on the proposal.

Court Assails Police Captain's Raid Order

Method of Obtaining Liquor Evidence Without Search Warrant Arouses Ire

The conduct of the police captain in charge of the 135th Street station in issuing orders that would lead his men to break the law in enforcing prohibition was assailed by Magistrate Sweetser in the Men's Night Court last evening.

Patrolman William Fitzgerald brought John Fowler, a negro, forty years old, of 65 West 132d Street, into court on a charge of selling liquor. He related how he had gone to that address, a private residence, obtained admittance, purchased gin and arrested Fowler.

"Did you have a search warrant?" the magistrate demanded.

The patrolman said that he did not and the magistrate demanded to know on what information he had visited the place.

The policeman produced an anonymous letter.

"I see that the letter is unsigned," Magistrate Sweetser stated. "Somebody wrote this and you break the law. You are following your captain's orders, aren't you?"

The patrolman admitted that he was. "Your captain should be criticized for issuing orders that will cause his men to break the law," the magistrate declared. "What if I should write an anonymous letter about some innocent person? Think of the trouble that it would cause him."

The evidence against the prisoner, however, being sufficient, he was held in \$1,000 bail for Special Sessions.

Cripple Arrested After Body Is Found in River

Wife of Dead Man Says the Peddler Sold Liquor to Her Husband

Within an hour after the body of Morris Kosselman, of 409 East One Hundredth Street, had been found in the East River near his home yesterday, William Mutterkent, a legless peddler, living at 302 East 103d Street, was arraigned in Harlem Court before Magistrate Bernard J. Douglas for selling liquor to Kosselman, against her repeated protests. The police say Kosselman had become deranged from drinking alcohol, and that Mutterkent had been crazed with liquor for several days.

In a later statement Mrs. Kosselman said she had made five complaints to the police within two weeks of Mutterkent's selling liquor to Kosselman, but had been unable to obtain assistance.

Mutterkent was arrested last night. The police found a quart of whisky in an icebox at his shop. Mutterkent said it had been sold to him three days ago by Kosselman. The cripple was rolled from his shop to the police station in a wheel chair.

\$5,000 Run Fines Imposed

Twelve at Atlantic City Admit Dry Violation

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE TRIBUNE. ATLANTIC CITY, Aug. 4.—Fines aggregating \$5,000, were imposed in court here to-day upon twelve defendants who were convicted or had pleaded guilty of violation of the new state prohibition enforcement act.

William Maynard, proprietor of the "Firemen's" Hotel at Margate, upon whose evidence Sam Singer recently was convicted of bootlegging, was found guilty on eight counts. The heaviest fine, \$1,750, was imposed on him for violation of the law.

Unable to furnish the cash Maynard was committed to jail. Recently he served a term for a similar offense. Sentence was suspended on Emma Maynard, his wife.

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Drys Win Fight To Force Beer Bill to a Vote

Measure Made Unfinished Business; Reed Assails It as Unconstitutional and Vicious in Operation

Bogu- Agents Denounced

Senator Urges Amendment to Make Usurpation of Authority Punishable

From The Tribune's Washington Bureau. WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The Willis Campbell bill finally got the right of way in the Senate this afternoon. It was made unfinished business on the motion of Senator Sterling and will be kept before the Senate daily until it is voted on. It had barely been made the unfinished business when Senator Reed, of Missouri, struck at it as unconstitutional.

While a strong vote is ready to support a motion to recommit the bill to committee the dries expect to defeat such a motion by a close margin and then force the bill to passage.

As soon as the farm export bill passed to-day Senator Sterling was on his feet asking consideration of the beer bill.

Senator Wadsworth said he would not object if there was to be an adjournment to-night so that the Senate could consider a number of minor matters before 1 o'clock to-morrow. He referred to the beer bill as "this remarkable bill." Senator Sterling said he was willing to agree to adjourn if the Senator from New York withdrew his reference to "this remarkable bill."

"With certain mental reservations," said Senator Wadsworth, "I will withdraw the remark."

Wants Agents Held Responsible. Senator Reed then took the floor against the bill and made a slashing attack. He introduced an amendment providing that any person who illegally represented himself to be a prohibition officer or agent, or who under color of law enforcement violated the law or the Constitution, should be subject to a heavy fine and imprisonment penalties.

He declared that under the guise of prohibition enforcement, highwaymen were holding up occupants of vehicles, searching them and robbing them, and that some of the prohibition officers, in the absence of the man of the house, had forced their way into homes and committed wrongs. He wanted to know how many Senators would vote against this amendment and thus show they sympathized with the violation of the Constitution and the laws by prohibition officers and persons impersonating such officers.

Senator Reed argued the bill was unconstitutional. Reading from the Eighteenth Amendment, he said its prohibitions applied "for beverage purposes."

"Any use of liquor which is not for beverage purposes has not been prohibited by the Constitution of the United States," said Senator Reed.

He asserted Congress has absolutely no authority under the Eighteenth Amendment to prohibit a physician prescribing beer, wine and other liquors for his patient.

"By what stretch of the Constitution," asked Senator Reed, "can the supporters of this bill claim that the prescription of beer for sick people is the use of it for beverage purposes?"

Declares Constitution "Wrenched." He called it the "wrenching of the Constitution" and the "usurpation of authority." He objected to overriding the Constitution in this fashion.

"The Constitution is being repealed by a process of legislative chicanery," Senator Reed charged, and he added that there was no contemplated interference with the rights of citizens when the prohibition movement was started with the slogan "the saloon must go."

Senator Reed said he was willing to let the country decide the issue in good faith and if it proved a success it should remain.

"On the other hand," he added, "if it fails, the country will be left with an army of spies and informers and its detrimental to the welfare of the people. It is time the people will demand its repeal."

"But how any man can stand upon this floor," proceeded the Senator, "and say the word 'beverage' shall cover a prescription to a sick person is beyond my comprehension."

Although the bill was discussed by Senator Reed, a long discussion of cotton exchange matters by Senators Dial and Smith, of South Carolina, followed and prevented progress toward closing the beer bill debate.

International Court Has Ratification of British League Plan for Settlement of Disputes Nears Required

Number of Supporters

GENEVA, Aug. 4.—(By The Associated Press).—Ratification by the British Empire of the permanent court of international justice was deposited to-day with the secretariat of the League of Nations. It includes ratifications by Australia, Canada, India, New Zealand, South Africa and the United Kingdom.

Other ratifications received are those of Albania, Austria, Denmark, Holland, Italy, Sweden and Switzerland. The Bulgarian and Norwegian ratifications, the correspondent is informed, are in the course of transmission. French ratification has been voted by the Senate and Chamber, while the Polish Diet has also ratified, as well as the Venezuelan Congress and the Costa Rica Legislature.

The secretariat has been notified that China is ready to ratify. Representatives of Belgium, Japan, Spain and Brazil have informed the secretariat that the ratifications of these countries will be deposited before September.

It seems practically certain, officials of the League announce, that the twenty-four ratifications necessary to set the international court in operation, will be received this month and that the second assembly will be able to elect judges, thus formally constituting the court.

As to but the export and domestic rates the usual differential applied to rates as between New York and other North Atlantic seaboard ports.

The cost of transportation service at the present time does not justify the heavy reductions which the carriers will make in export grain rates, the road's announcement read. "Nevertheless, these reductions have either been decided upon or are under discussion as a result of the plea of the farmers and others for a readjustment of existing rates."

The present and proposed carload rates in cents per 100 pounds from Chicago to New York are as follows:

Export Domestic
Present 30 24 1/2
Proposed 24 1/2 19 1/2

Grain products, including points, 30 24 1/2
Flour, 21 24 1/2
Grain by-products 14 19 1/2

Atlantic City, Aug. 4.—America has ahead of it a permanent "bicycle craze" that will be bigger than the one that marked the period of twenty-five years ago when that machine became the "new man's friend" of the prognostication of the bicycle manufacturers, made at the Fifth Annual Convention of the Cycle Trades of America, which closed here to-day, is correct.

More bicycles will be sold annually during the next ten years than ever were sold in the past, the manufacturers declare. The cycle, after an uphill fight of more than two decades, has now established itself as a business necessity, and is an active competitor of the jitney and the street car.

H. M. Hoffman, of Dayton, Ohio, was elected president of the association; R. F. Leacock, of St. Louis, vice-president; L. N. Southmayd, of Chicago Falls, Mass., treasurer; William G. Shack, of Buffalo, treasurer, and Frank J. Woschler, Springfield, Ill., executive secretary.

OWENS & COMPANY, Inc. Foot of East 49th St., N. Y. C.

Grain Freight Rate From Mid-West to Seaboard Reduced

Cut of 7 1/2 Per Cent on Exports Agreed Upon by Rail Representatives and Shippers to Atlantic Ports

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—Freight rates on grain, grain products and grain by-products from Chicago and Central Freight Association territory to North Atlantic seaboard ports for export will be reduced 7 1/2 cents a hundred pounds as a result of conferences between railway and shippers' representatives, it was announced to-night.

The Central Freight Association territory includes points located on and north of the Ohio River, on east of the Mississippi River, south of the Illinois-Venezuela line, east of Lake Michigan, south of the Great Lakes and west of Buffalo and Pittsburgh.

The rates from points in this territory east of the Indiana-Illinois State line on like traffic to the same ports for export will also be adjusted with relation to the reduced rates from Chicago, it was announced. Application will be filed immediately with the Interstate Commerce Commission for authority to make the reduced rates on export traffic effective on ten days' notice, but in the event the commission refuses to approve this, the reduced rates are to be filed with the commission to become effective within thirty days. The reduced rates will expire December 31, 1921.

The proposition of the carriers that the domestic rates on grain, grain products and grain by-products also be reduced 4 1/2 cents per 100 pounds from Chicago, including points, to the west as the Mississippi River to points east of Buffalo and Pittsburgh, also was discussed at the conference.

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